

Resilient Virginia Tools for Resiliency Planning

Virginia Coastal Resilience Web Explorer

April 7th, 2022
Matt Dalon, PE CFM
Program Manager
Virginia Coastal Resilience Master Plan
matt.dalon@dcr.virginia.gov



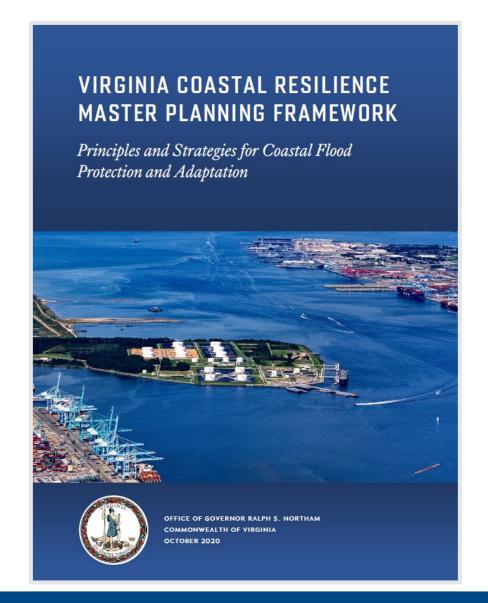
Presentation Outline

- Virginia Coastal Resilience Master Plan Overview
- CRMP Website Overview
- Coastal Resilience Web Explorer Demonstration
 - Exposure
 - Impacts
 - Community Context
 - Projects and Initiatives
 - Funding



Guiding Principles

- Acknowledge climate change and its consequences, and base decision-making on the best available science.
- Identify and address socioeconomic inequities and work to enhance equity through coastal adaptation and protection efforts.
- Recognize the importance of protecting and enhancing green infrastructure like natural coastal barriers and fish and wildlife habitat by prioritizing nature-based solutions.
- Utilize community and regional scale planning to the maximum extent possible, seeking region-specific approaches tailored to the needs of individual communities.
- Understand fiscal realities and focus on the most cost-effective solutions for protection and adaptation of our communities, businesses and critical infrastructure.



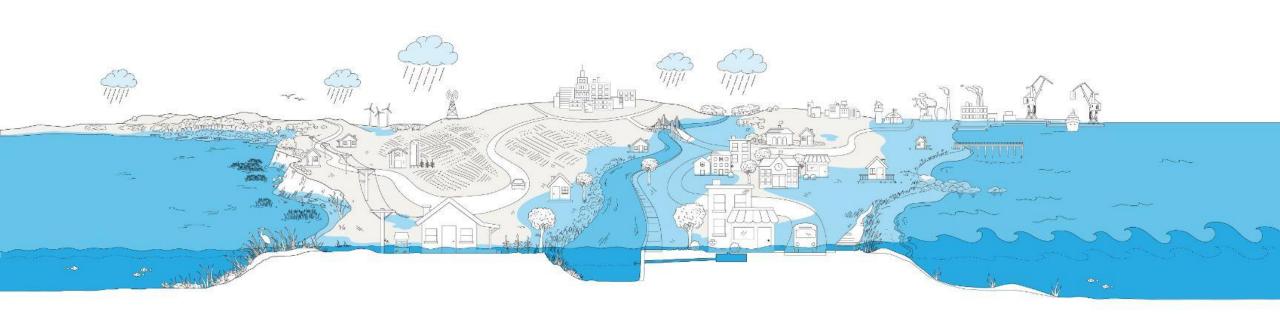


Goals

- 1. Identify and prioritize projects to increase the resilience of coastal communities, including both built and natural assets at risk due to flooding and sea level rise
- 2. Establish a financing strategy, informed by regional differences and equity considerations
- 3. **Incorporate and promote climate change projections** into Commonwealth's programs addressing coastal adaptation and protection
- 4. **Coordinate state, federal, regional, and local** coastal region adaptation and protection efforts

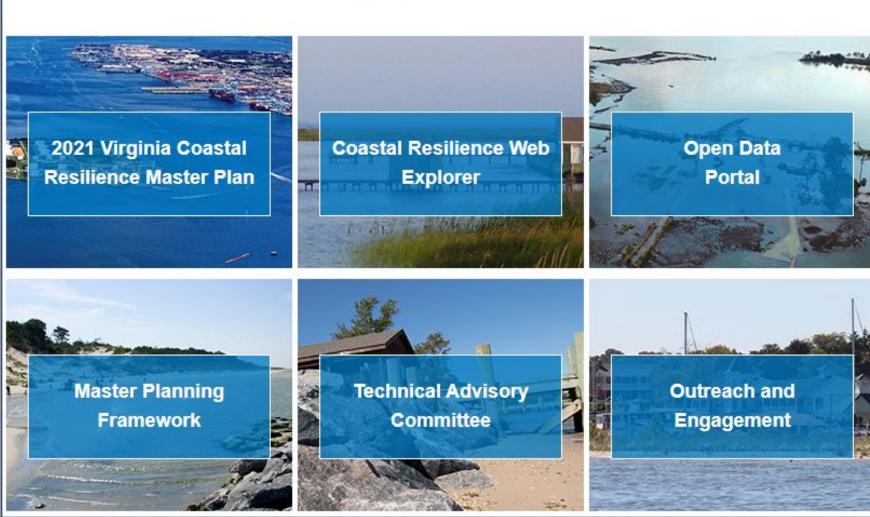


What We've Done





Virginia Coastal Resilience Master Plan





Web Explorer Demonstration Objectives

- What Areas are Vulnerable to Coastal Flooding?
- What are the Impacts from Coastal Flooding?
- What are We doing to Build Flood Resilience?
- How are We Funding Flood Resilience?



Web Explorer Demonstration dcr.virginia.gov/crmp/ResilienceExplorer





Email Questions or Comments to:

Flood.Resilience@dcr.virginia.gov

Meeting Request Form

dcr.virginia.gov/crmp/meeting-request.php

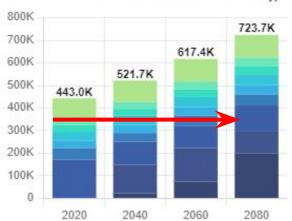


Web Explorer Demo Slides

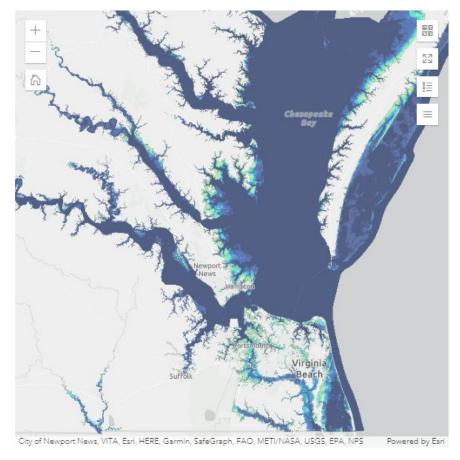


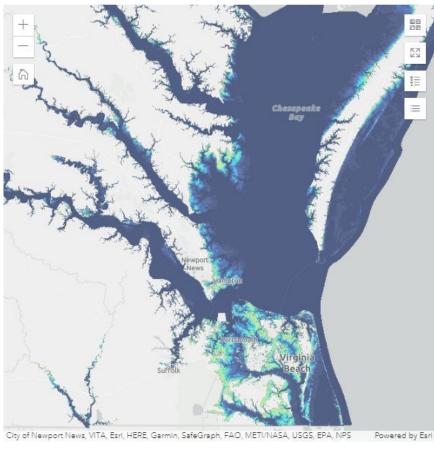
Coastal Flood Hazard with SLR [NOAA 2017 Int-High]





Mean Low Water Mean High Water 50% Annual Exceedance Probability (2-Year Flood) 20% Annual Exceedance Probability (5-Year Flood) 10% Annual Exceedance Probability (10-Year Flood) 4% Annual Exceedance Probability (25-Year Flood) 2% Annual Exceedance Probability (50-Year Flood) 1% Annual Exceedance Probability (100-Year Flood) 0.2% Annual Exceedance Probability (500-Year Flood)



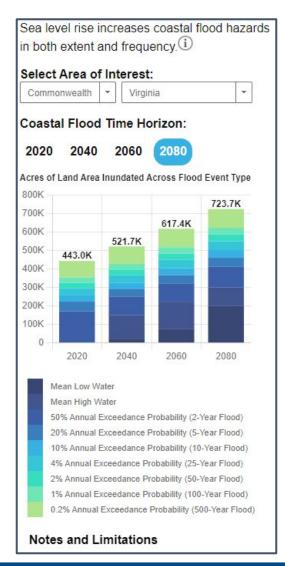


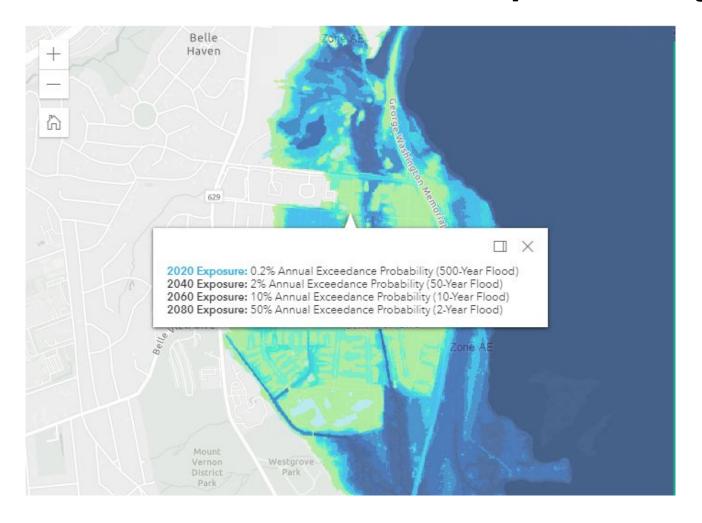
2020 2080





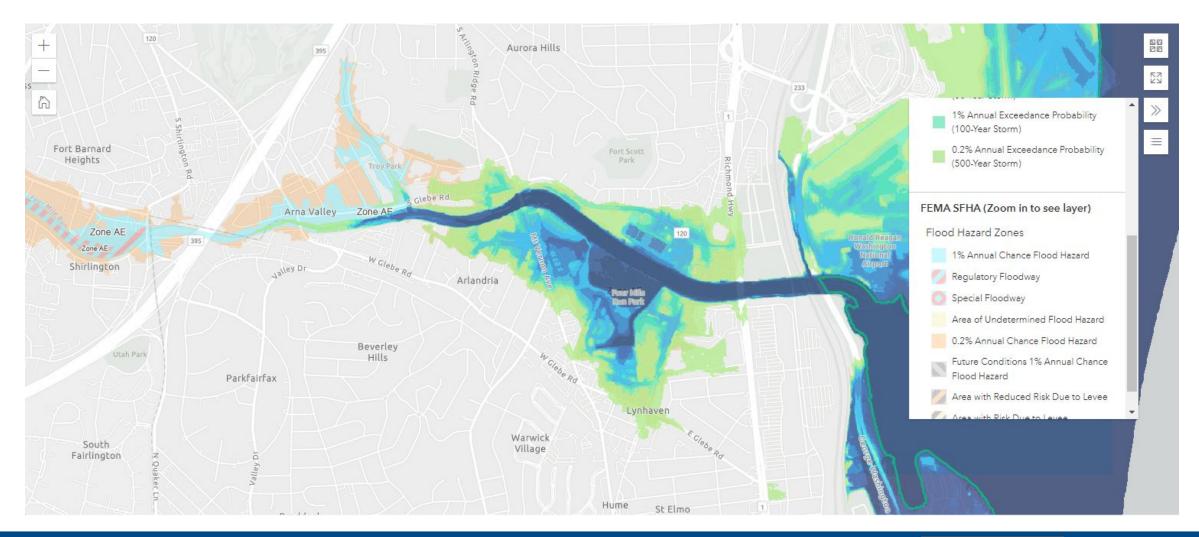
Coastal Flood Hazard with SLR [NOAA 2017 Int-High]







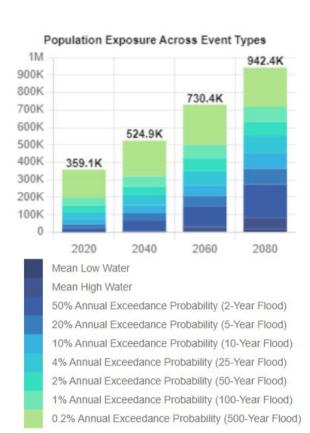
Coastal Flood Hazard == Total Flood Hazard

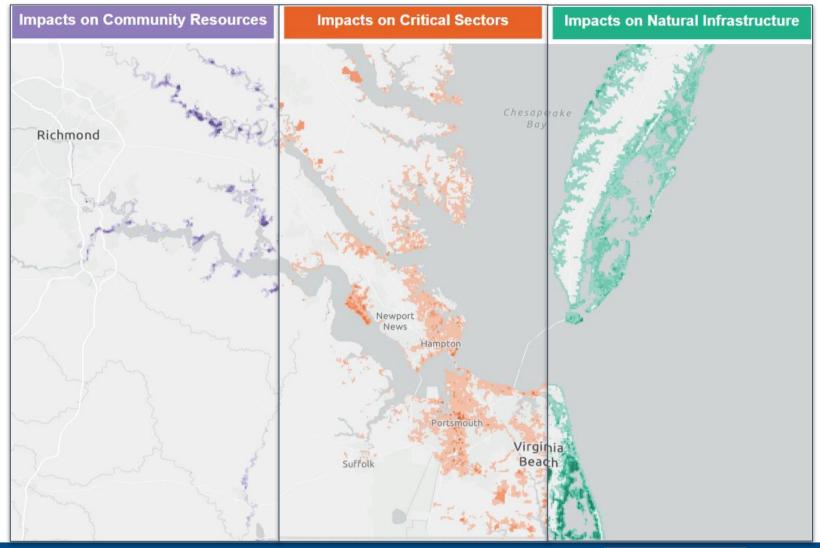






Coastal Flood Hazard Impacts



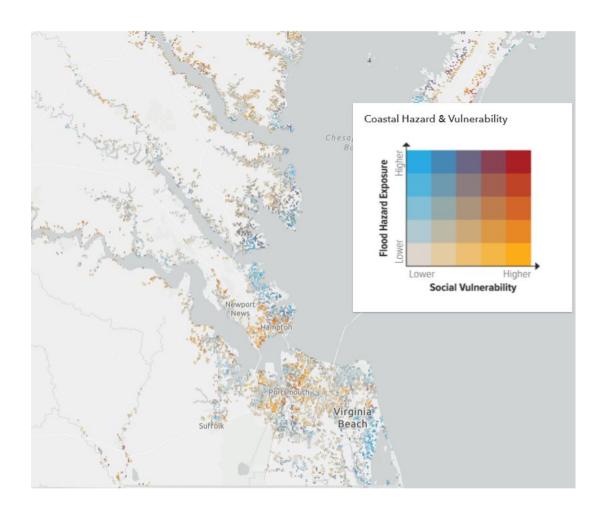






Community Context

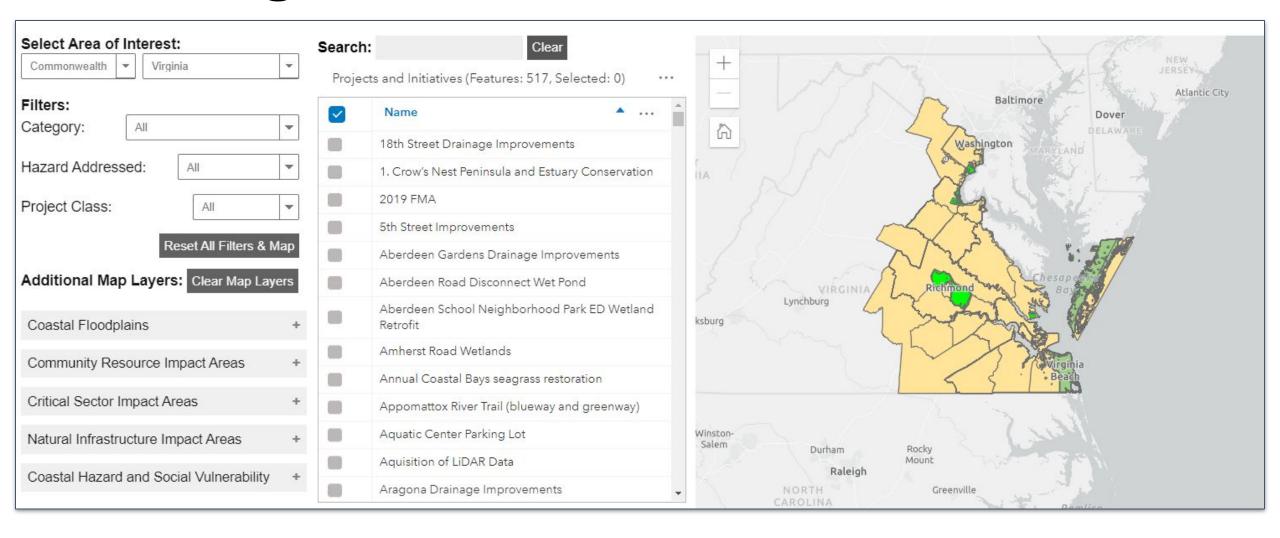








Building Flood Resilience







Funding Flood Resilience

Name	Administering Office	Funding Source 💠 …	Funding Type 💠 ···	Purpose
Addressing the Impacts of Multiple Stressors on Shellfish Aquaculture Through Research/Industry Partnerships	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) Oceanic and Atmospheric Research	NOAA	Federal	Supports: establishing, continuing, and/or expanding collaboration between researchers and shellfish growers in order to stand address how acidification and at least one other environmental stressor affects the U.S. shellfish aquaculture industry. Project multiple parameter physical, chemical, or biological observing systems and/or conduct multiple stressor experimental resear priorities of this funding opportunity are to (1) build or strengthen relationships between the shellfish aquaculture industry a aquaculture research community (including university, industry, private sector, tribal, state, and/or federal scientists represent perspectives), (2) develop scientific knowledge on the impact of ocean and coastal acidification in combination with other standard shellfish aquaculture, and (3) create data products, tools, technologies, management practices, or other deliverables that are applicable to building resilience within the shellfish aquaculture sector.
Building Resilience Against Climate Effects: Implementing and Evaluating Adaptation Strategies that Protect and Promote Human Health	National Center for Environmental Health	CDC	Federal	Supports: the building and enhancement of the resilience of U.S. cities and states to the health impacts of climate change the overarching strategies. These strategies include 1) collaboration with stakeholders to create a Climate Impact Compendium data on local climate projections, health effects, social determinants of health, and current adaptive capacity; 2) implementate evaluation of adaptation actions that address the threats identified in the Compendium; and 3) use and dissemination of evaluation actions and enhance understanding of effective climate resilience adaptations in public health and resilience.
Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) Tribal Climate Resilience Program	Department of Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), Trust Services, Tribal Climate Resilience Program	BIA	Federal	Supports: tribal resilience and ocean and coastal management and planning. The Tribal Climate Resilience Program support prepare for climate change impacts on tribal treat and trust resources, economies, infrastructure, and human health and safe of Available Funding: - Adaptation planning - Ocean and Coastal Management Planning - Capacity Building - Relocation, Management Planning - Internships and Youth Engagement



