

Virginia Community Flood Preparedness Fund Grant Application

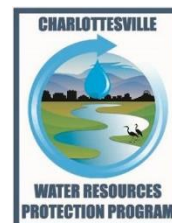
2-Dimensional Stormwater Management Model for Meadow Creek and Rivanna River Watersheds



Rivanna River Flooding, May 2018

CITY OF CHARLOTTESVILLE

Department of Public Works
305 4th Street NW • Charlottesville, Virginia 22903
Telephone 434-970-3631





Grant Application Information

This Virginia Community Flood Preparedness Fund (CFPF) grant application is being submitted by the City of Charlottesville, Virginia. Completed copies of the CFPF grant application form (Attachment A) and Study Scoring Sheet (Attachment B) are provided.

The completion of this project will, in conjunction with the City's Round 1 grant award, result in a series of stormwater management models covering the entirety of the City's jurisdictional limits. These models will meet the criteria for studies, as outlined in the 2022 grant manual, including:

- Hydrologic or hydraulic studies of floodplains to clarify or update FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps. (Schenks Branch Tributary, Meadow Creek).
- Studies and Data Collection of Statewide or Regional Significance:
 - Updating precipitation data and IDF information
 - Other proposals that will significantly improve protection from flooding on a statewide and regional basis. (informs future conveyance needs to mitigate damage from nuisance flooding)
- Revisions to existing comprehensive and hazard plans, based on the 2008 SWWM model.
- Other relevant flood prevention and protection project or study (the impacts of climate influenced storm events on pluvial flooding in urban environments).



Overview

The City of Charlottesville, Virginia's corporate limits of 10.2 square miles and population of just under 46,786 people are located within the 750 square mile Rivanna River watershed, one of the largest watersheds in Virginia and a major tributary to the Chesapeake Bay.

As stewards of the watershed, the City of Charlottesville manages many components of a stormwater infrastructure system, both natural and built, including the following:

- ❖ 35 miles of open waterways
- ❖ 130 miles of storm drain
- ❖ 8,250 stormwater structures (inlets, manholes, junction boxes, etc.)
- ❖ 460 outfalls
- ❖ 294 BMPs
- ❖ 445 acres of Zone AE floodplain

In 2008, the City of Charlottesville, in partnership with the Army Corp of Engineers (USACE), hired URS to develop a comprehensive stormwater model representing the majority of the City's stormwater management inventory. This model was designed to do the following:

1. Produce an updated technical basis for the City's stormwater management program that could be used to make good management decisions,
2. Create computer models that could be modified in the future as additional field data was collected and future developments were considered, and
3. Identify major flooding points within the City's stormwater and drainage systems for both existing and future land cover conditions.

The existing model represents the input data and best methodology available in 2008. The purpose of this grant application is to update a portion of the existing SWMM model for use as initially intended, as well as expanding the model beyond its originally identified applications. Uses will include analyses of storm sewer capacity issues, identification of special flood hazard zones for major tributaries, identification of problem areas, development and prioritization of solutions, and support for public outreach and education.

Area of Interest

The grant application will focus on the portion of the Meadow Creek and Rivanna River watersheds within City limits, approximately 6.5 square miles and 63% of the City's geographical area.

Because of the increased complexity of the updated model, each watershed will be evaluated in separate models, including the Moores Creek watershed model currently under development.



SWMM Inventory

PCSWMM Version 5.0.11 was originally used by URS in 2008. The model delineated approximately 360 subbasins in order to distribute point sources for inflow throughout the entire area. The entire SWMM model has over 750 nodes and over 800 links, making it an extremely large and complex model for this locality.

The focus of model updates will include the following general categories:

Increased Functionality

The existing model will be imported to the most current version of PCSWMM, running on an EPA SWMM 5.1.015 engine. This will enable the City to take advantage of increased functionality in the model, especially a combined 1D-2D approach to system analysis. The 1D model cannot identify flood at-risk areas due to a lack of infrastructure. Additionally, it cannot support an impact analysis of undersized or non-existent systems. Identifying areas of vulnerability, including roads, residences, and critical facilities, will be important when prioritizing improvement projects and can be accomplished with 2D modeling.

Future areas of vulnerability will be identified based on predictions of climate change- influenced storm events and records of recent storm data. The City will use NOAA Atlas 14 adjusted IDF curves and IDF curves developed specifically for the Chesapeake Bay watersheds. These precipitation events will be important for determine future stormwater conveyance and land use needs.

2D capabilities within the model will now allow the City to develop existing and potential future floodplain delineations for tributaries that are currently unmapped.

Updated Data

Since 2008, the City has been actively updating GIS layers for impervious cover, streams, and the storm drain network. This GIS layer will be compared against the network in the existing SWMM model to identify discrepancies and the model will be updated accordingly. Select areas of the watershed will be surveyed to validate or clarify the GIS data provided by the City.

The City implemented a stormwater utility fee in 2013 and has been implementing a vigorous storm drain rehabilitation program. The updated model will incorporate increased conveyance and alignment changes associated with work done under this program in the last 8 years. Updates from other projects, including private developments and transportation improvements, will also be incorporated into the new model.

Manageable Output

In this iteration of the model buildout, careful consideration will be given to how output data is organized and communicated. While the SWMM model will be run and managed by engineers within the City, the data should be useful to parties beyond experienced SWMM users. Nomenclature in the model should mirror that used by the City's utility inventory. GIS output should include not only location but useful information for future design and analysis of the system, including inverts, size, material, depth of cover, and percent capture for design storms.

Aggregated sub-basin delineations should match larger delineations for minor and major tributaries, allowing for an infrastructure inventory and flood assessment per receiving water body. This will be

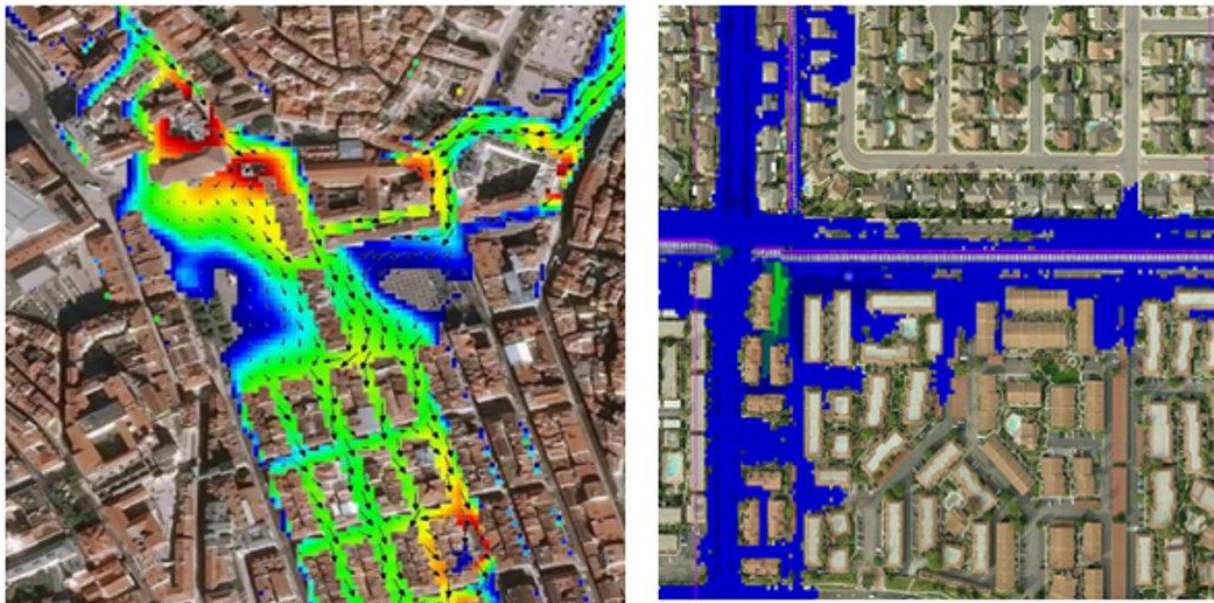
especially useful as the City considers simplifying its 38 named drainage areas to less than a dozen drainage areas associated with named tributaries.

Future Uses

Master Planning

The primary function of the SWMM model is to analyze the watershed by using configurations to quantify flooding associated with both existing and future watershed conditions. Potential drainage improvement projects can be geospatially mapped in relation to predicted future flooding, so City staff can make assessments about the value of individual projects. The advantage of this approach is that the entire drainage system can be evaluated on a consistent, system-wide basis.

Consistent and transparent methods of analysis when determining how and where to spend taxpayer money are essential for prioritizing improvements in an equitable manner. Although additional consideration factors, including other master plan objectives, location-specific funding opportunities, a history of underinvestment, etc., can also be incorporated into a system of project selection, the foundation of project prioritization should be the quantification of potential impacts from existing and future flooding events. An objective analysis using industry standard methodology applied over the entire City is a key element to achieving this goal.



2D Flood Modeling output

Images Courtesy of: Montalto, Franco, PE, PhD.(2021), "H&H Modeling 101" from Overwhelmed? Reevaluating Stormwater Modeling in Changing Climate webinar series, Power Point Presentation

Flood Mitigation Projects

The SWMM model can also be used to design improvement projects based on impact analyses and the subsequent development of a prioritization system. The benefit of having larger projects designed within a SWMM model is that the effects of the individual projects on the performance of the entire drainage system can be evaluated holistically, rather than in piecemeal fashion. This approach ensures that monies are well spent, and that each project is truly needed as part of an overall master drainage plan. The model should also be useful for obtaining starting hydraulic grade line elevations for design purposes on smaller development projects, and for designing stormwater management BMPs. Once a level of confidence is achieved for the model, it can be shared with consultants and private developers to support public/private partnerships to improve flood mitigation and water quality.



Allied Street Flooding, Meadow Creek Watershed, August 2008

BMP/Green Infrastructure Performance Assessments

Increased functionality in SWMM will allow for assessment of various green infrastructure techniques with continuous simulation modeling. Existing BMPs can be evaluated for performance over a range of storm events and retrofits can be designed within SWMM to protect treatment volumes from intense, destructive rainfalls.

The City will work collaboratively with a team from the University of Virginia to calibrate the Meadow Creek model to low-flow events so that it may be reliably used for the design of distributed, nature-based infrastructure.



Climate Resilient Stormwater Management

In order to incorporate climate change impacts into stormwater management design standards, a wide range of potential extreme rainfall events must be analyzed. The suite of rainfall events will be derived from multiple methodologies to determine future IDF (intensity-duration-frequency) curve values that best fit Charlottesville's location and geography. These rainfall events will be routed through SWMM to determine confidence intervals around the predictive performance of stormwater management infrastructure. Based on the SWMM results, both storm drain conveyance goals and maintenance routines may be updated to reflect future needs.

Backwater effects from climate change – influenced floodplains can also be modeled in SWMM to determine impacts on stormwater infrastructure performance.

Community Engagement

Using the outputs of these models, comprehensive stormwater management plans can be developed and communicated to the public per City "watershed" to promote a sense of ownership among residents. The stormwater management models can provide visual displays that will be the building blocks for a data driven community outreach plan.

Future Maintenance

Moving forward, the updated PCSWMM models will be an active tool in the City's stormwater management practices. As such, the models will be continuously updated by existing in-house staff. The City's Water Resource Protection (WRP) Administrator is a professional engineer with almost two decades of hydrologic and hydraulic modeling experience. As more data, better methodologies, and updated SWMM versions become available, the Administrator will revise the City's working model. As the confidence in the SWMM model's accuracy increases, the Administrator will also be responsible for sharing model results with other design professionals in the community so that everyone works from a shared point of knowledge.

As-built plans, for both private development and public improvement projects, will be submitted to the City's Stormwater Technician and WRP Administrator so that storm drain infrastructure and BMPs can be added to both the GIS inventory and SWMM model. Additionally, this team will take on the responsibility of utility mapping beyond the scope of survey included in this grant application to identify discrepancies and provide accurate data in areas of the City's storm drain inventory that are less susceptible to flooding.

The grant application also includes SWMM training for up to four professional engineers or engineers in training in the City of Charlottesville to provide overlap in technical skill sets and distributed responsibility of model use and management.



Stakeholders

Model Update

A consulting firm with significant hydrologic and 2D hydraulic modeling experience will be hired with funds from the grant to update the model, incorporate new data, expand analyses to include minor tributaries and select portions of the storm drain network, and introduce future climate change adjustments. It will be important to select a firm with the man-hour capacity to complete the update in a timely manner, so that the model results can be used as soon as possible for master planning.

A technical advisor from the University of Virginia's Department of Engineering Systems and Environment, Dr. Teresa Culver, will be involved to review model extensions, to provide insight into the Meadow Creek system, and to facilitate integration of data collected through the University. Dr. Culver recently received the Margaret S. Petersen Award from the American Society of Civil Engineers for her leadership and contributions to the field of water resource engineering. She and her students have been studying Meadow Creek and its watershed for over a decade. Her work includes modeling to support multi-objective water resource management, including flood reduction.

The WRP Administrator, Andrea Henry, PE will serve as the project manager and City's technical advisor for the model update. The WRP Administrator, along with staff in the Public Works – Engineering Division will provide active, hands-on leadership throughout the 36-month process and manage and direct the selected consultants. The WRP Stormwater Tech will be tasked with data collection, including gathering as-builts, conducting field investigations, and providing pertinent GIS layers.

Future Use

The SWMM model will be used internally for master planning, identification of under-capacity systems, and project design. Public Works Engineering staff will be offered opportunities for training to become proficient in SWMM modeling techniques.

The model will be maintained by the WRP Administrator and used to build a master plan, to be incorporated into the City's resilience plan, and develop annual budgets. The WRP Administrator will communicate the results of modeling efforts and how they will be used in project prioritization efforts to the City's Water Resource Protection Program (WRPP) Advisory Committee. This committee is made up of City residents with a variety of professional experiences that ensure the stormwater utility fee is managed appropriately.

The 1D portion of the model will be available to design professionals in the community and the City will undertake outreach efforts to encourage its use when conducting drainage analyses for site development.



Implementation Plan

Once grant funding is awarded, select stakeholders for the model buildout will meet to develop a detailed scope of work and identify areas that need additional survey data. A request for proposal will be advertised no later than two months after the award agreement is executed.

Efforts to upgrade model methodology and inputs, collect survey data (including select utilities, roadways, and open channels), and conduct field investigations for problematic areas in the terrain data will happen concurrently to build out a draft model within a year of the RFP selection. Once the draft model is finalized and a level of confidence is achieved using standard design storms, stakeholders will conduct a detailed review and identify where additional survey data will be necessary to quantify impacts of flooding. A portion of the funding allocated to survey efforts will be reserved for the final model update.

As the model is upgraded, the technical advisor and stakeholders will determine the appropriate suite of climate-informed storm events to include in an analysis of future flood vulnerability and best methods for communicating the results of climate-informed stormwater management analysis.

The City's stormwater management models will be used to communicate the potential effects of climate-influenced storm events on existing infrastructure and may support future regional floodplain studies.

Performance Metrics

Once the model is finalized, it will be used in conjunction with visual assessments of stream degradation to identify and prioritize projects, funded in part with the City's stormwater utility fee, in the following categories: flood mitigation, outfall protection, and BMP development. The model will also be used to develop scopes of work for each project identified in these categories that provides a comprehensive solution to overall stormwater management in the City. For example, an outfall protection project should be designed based on future predicted storm events and necessary conveyance upgrades to the outfall. Flood mitigation projects should evaluate the cost effectiveness and co-benefits of volume reduction techniques such as distributed green infrastructure. These are all design scenarios that can be built and analyzed within SWMM.

Immediate success metrics will include the development of a master plan with a prioritized project list that includes a comprehensive review of vulnerabilities to flooding throughout the City's watersheds and a transparent pathway to equity-based funding strategies. Maps will be developed for each drainage area contributing to minor and major tributaries, conveying flood vulnerability assessments for both design storms and climate change – informed storm events.

A scope and budget for annual maintenance of grey infrastructure will be developed using the SWMM model as the basis for selection. Model results will be compared against recently identified (within the last 5-years) drainage issues to determine areas prone to flooding as a result of infrastructure clogging.



Budget

The total budget for this grant application is **\$550,000**, broken down into the following general categories:

- \$255,000: 1D model methodology updates, 2D mesh and model development, incorporation of stormwater infrastructure information from as-built drawings and prior field investigations conducted by the City of Charlottesville and survey and utility mapping conducted during this study. Technical methodology report included.
- \$190,000: Survey and utility mapping in select areas.
- \$20,000: Incorporation/calibration of flow gauge data in Meadow Creek
- \$60,000: Model analyses, technical report, and maps for climate-influenced storm events.
- \$15,000: Visual displays and power point for community outreach
- \$5,000: PCSWMM license for 4 users within the City of Charlottesville for 1 year.
- \$5,000: PCSWMM training for 4 City of Charlottesville staff.

This project falls under the funding category of a flood prevention and protection study. As such, the City of Charlottesville is requesting funding in the amount of \$275,000, a cost participation percentage of 50%. These funds will come from money dedicated to the Water Resources Protection Program and are confirmed in the accompanying letter from the Deputy City Manager.

Category	City of Charlottesville - direct expense	CFPF grant reimbursement	Total:
Salary	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Fringe Benefits	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Travel	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Supplies (PCSWMM)	\$5,000.00	\$0.00	\$6,000.00
Other (Staff Training)	\$5,000.00	\$0.00	\$5,000.00
Contractual	\$265,000.00	\$275,000.00	\$285,000.00
TOTAL:	\$275,000.00	\$275,000.00	\$550,000.00



Attachments

Attachment A: Application Form for Grant Requests

Attachment B: Scoring Criteria for Studies

Attachment C: Checklist for All Categories

Attachment D: City of Charlottesville Local Waterways Map

Attachment E: Meadow Creek and Rivanna River Watershed Location Map

Attachment F: Charlottesville Social Vulnerability Index Location Map

Attachment G: City of Charlottesville Floodplain Ordinance

Attachment H: Thomas Jefferson Planning District Regional Natural Hazard Mitigation Plan (2018)

Attachment I: City of Charlottesville Comprehensive Plan (2021)

Attachment J: Authorization to Request Funding, Charlottesville City Manager

Attachment K: FIRM Panels



Attachment A

Application Form for Grant Requests

Appendix A: Application Form for Grant Requests for All Categories

Virginia Department of Conservation and Recreation
Virginia Community Flood Preparedness Fund Grant Program

Name of Local Government:

City of Charlottesville

Category of Grant Being Applied for (check one):

Capacity Building/Planning

Project

Study

NFIP/DCR Community Identification Number (CID) 510033

If a state or federally recognized Indian tribe, Name of tribe _____

Name of Authorized Official: Tony Edwards, CFM 

Signature of Authorized Official: _____

Mailing Address (1): Department of Public Works

Mailing Address (2): 305 4th Street NW

City: Charlottesville State: VA Zip: 22903

Telephone Number: (434) 970-3992 Cell Phone Number: (434) 981-9293

Email Address: edwards@charlottesville.gov

Contact Person (If different from authorized official): Andrea Henry, PE

Mailing Address (1): Public Works Department

Mailing Address (2): 305 4th Street NW

City: Charlottesville State: VA Zip: 22903

Telephone Number: (434) 970-3529 Cell Phone Number: (512) 923-2756

Email Address: henrya@charlottesville.gov

Is the proposal in this application intended to benefit a low-income geographic area as defined in the Part 1 Definitions? Yes No

Categories (select applicable project):

Project Grants (Check All that Apply)

Acquisition of property (or interests therein) and/or structures for purposes of allowing floodwater inundation, strategic retreat of existing land uses from areas vulnerable to flooding; the conservation or enhancement of natural flood resilience resources; or acquisition of structures, provided the acquired property will be protected in perpetuity from further development.

Wetland restoration.

Floodplain restoration.

Construction of swales and settling ponds.

Living shorelines and vegetated buffers.

Structural floodwalls, levees, berms, flood gates, structural conveyances.

Storm water system upgrades.

Medium and large scale Low Impact Development (LID) in urban areas.

Permanent conservation of undeveloped lands identified as having flood resilience value by *ConserveVirginia* Floodplain and Flooding Resilience layer or a similar data driven analytic tool.

Dam restoration or removal.

Stream bank restoration or stabilization.

Restoration of floodplains to natural and beneficial function.

Developing flood warning and response systems, which may include gauge installation, to notify residents of potential emergency flooding events.

Study Grants (Check All that Apply)

Studies to aid in updating floodplain ordinances to maintain compliance with the NFIP or to incorporate higher standards that may reduce the risk of flood damage. This must include establishing processes for implementing the ordinance, including but not limited to, permitting, record retention, violations, and variances. This may include revising a floodplain ordinance when the community is getting new Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs), updating a floodplain ordinance to include floodplain setbacks or freeboard, or correcting issues identified in a Corrective Action Plan.

Revising other land use ordinances to incorporate flood protection and mitigation goals, standards and practices.

Conducting hydrologic and hydraulic studies of floodplains. Applicants who create new maps must apply for a Letter of Map Revision or a Physical Map Revision through the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). For example, a local government might conduct a hydrologic and hydraulic study for an area that had not been studied because the watershed is less than one square mile. Modeling the floodplain in an area that has numerous letters of map change that suggest the current map might not be fully accurate or doing a detailed flood study for an A Zone is another example.

- ✓ Studies and Data Collection of Statewide and Regional Significance.
- ✓ Revisions to existing resilience plans and modifications to existing comprehensive and hazard.
- ✓ Other relevant flood prevention and protection project or study.

Capacity Building and Planning Grants

Floodplain Staff Capacity.

Resilience Plan Development

Revisions to existing resilience plans and modifications to existing comprehensive and hazard mitigation plans.

Resource assessments, planning, strategies and development.

- Policy management and/or development.
- Stakeholder engagement and strategies.

Location of Project (Include Maps): see Appendix E

NFIP Community Identification Number (CID#):(See appendix F 510033)

Is Project Located in an NFIP Participating Community? Yes No

Is Project Located in a Special Flood Hazard Area? Yes No

Flood Zone(s) (If Applicable): A/AE/X

Flood Insurance Rate Map Number(s) (If Applicable): 51003-00267D/00278D/00279D/
00280D/00281D/00282D/
00283D

Total Cost of Project: \$550,000

Total Amount Requested \$275,000



Attachment B

Scoring Criteria for Studies

Appendix B: Scoring Criteria for Studies

Virginia Department of Conservation and Recreation
Virginia Community Flood Preparedness Fund Grant Program

Applicant Name:		City of Charlottesville	
Eligibility Information			
Criterion	Description	Check One	
1. Is the applicant a local government (including counties, cities, towns, municipal corporations, authorities, districts, commissions, or political subdivisions created by the General Assembly or pursuant to the Constitution or laws of the Commonwealth, or any combination of these)?			
Yes	Eligible for consideration	X	
No	Not eligible for consideration		
2. Does the local government have an approved resilience plan and has provided a copy or link to the plan with this application?			
Yes	Eligible for consideration under all categories		
No	Eligible for consideration for studies, capacity building, and planning only	X	
3. If the applicant is <u>not a town, city, or county</u>, are letters of support from all affected local governments included in this application?			
Yes	Eligible for consideration		
No	Not eligible for consideration		
4. Has this or any portion of this project been included in any application or program previously funded by the Department?			
Yes	Not eligible for consideration		
No	Eligible for consideration	X	
5. Has the applicant provided evidence of an ability to provide the required matching funds?			
Yes	Eligible for consideration	X	
No	Not eligible for consideration		
N/A	Match not required		

Studies Eligible for Consideration		Yes	No
Applicant Name:	City of Charlotteville (510033)		
Scoring Information			
Criterion	Point Value	Points Awarded	
6. Eligible Studies (Select all that apply)			
Revising floodplain ordinances to maintain compliance with the NFIP or to incorporate higher standards that may reduce the risk of flood damage. This must include establishing processes for implementing the ordinance, including but not limited to, permitting, record retention, violations, and variances. This may include revising a floodplain ordinance when the community is getting new Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs), updating a floodplain ordinance to include floodplain setbacks or freeboard, or correcting issues identified in a Corrective Action Plan.	30		
Creating <u>tools</u> or applications to identify, aggregate, or display information on flood risk or creating a crowd-sourced mapping platform that gathers data points about real-time flooding. This could include a locally or regionally based web-based mapping product that allows local residents to better understand their flood risk.	15		15
Conducting hydrologic and hydraulic studies of floodplains. Applicants who create new maps must apply for a Letter of Map Revision or a Physical Map Revision through the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).	35		
Studies and Data Collection of Statewide and Regional Significance. Funding of studies of statewide and regional significance and proposals will be considered for the following types of studies:			
Updating precipitation data and IDF information (rain intensity, duration, frequency estimates) including such data at a sub-state or regional scale on a periodic basis.	45		45
Regional relative sea level rise projections for use in determining future impacts.	45		
Vulnerability analysis either statewide or regionally to state transportation, water supply, water treatment, impounding structures, or other significant and vital infrastructure from flooding.	45		45
Flash flood studies and modeling in riverine regions of the state.	45		
Statewide or regional stream gauge monitoring to include expansion of existing gauge networks.	45		

New or updated delineations of areas of recurrent flooding, stormwater flooding, and storm surge vulnerability in coastal areas that include projections for future conditions based on sea level rise, more intense rainfall events, or other relevant flood risk factors.	45	
Regional flood studies in riverine communities that may include <u>watershed-scale evaluation</u> , <u>updated estimates of rainfall intensity</u> , or other information.	50	50
Regional hydrologic and hydraulic studies of floodplains.	45	
Studies of potential land use strategies that could be implemented by a local government to reduce or mitigate damage from coastal or riverine flooding.	40	
Other proposals that will significantly improve protection from flooding on a statewide or regional basis	35	35
7. Is the study area socially vulnerable? (Based on ADAPT VA's Social Vulnerability Index Score.)		
Very High Social Vulnerability (More than 1.5)	15	
High Social Vulnerability (1.0 to 1.5)	12	
Moderate Social Vulnerability (0.0 to 1.0)	8	
Low Social Vulnerability (-1.0 to 0.0)	0	
Very Low Social Vulnerability (Less than -1.0)	0	
8. Is the proposed study part of an effort to join or remedy the community's probation or suspension from the NFIP?		
Yes	10	
No	0	
9. Is the proposed study in a low-income geographic area as defined in this manual?		
Yes	10	
No	0	
10. Projects eligible for funding may also reduce nutrient and sediment pollution to local waters and the Chesapeake Bay and assist the Commonwealth in achieving local and/or Chesapeake Bay TMDLs. Does the proposed project include implementation of one or more best management practices with a nitrogen, phosphorus, or sediment reduction efficiency established by the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality or the Chesapeake Bay Program Partnership in support of the Chesapeake Bay TMDL Phase III Watershed Implementation Plan?		
Yes	5	
No	0	
Total Points		190





Attachment C

Checklist for All Categories

Appendix D: Checklist All Categories

Virginia Department of Conservation and Recreation

Community Flood Preparedness Fund Grant Program

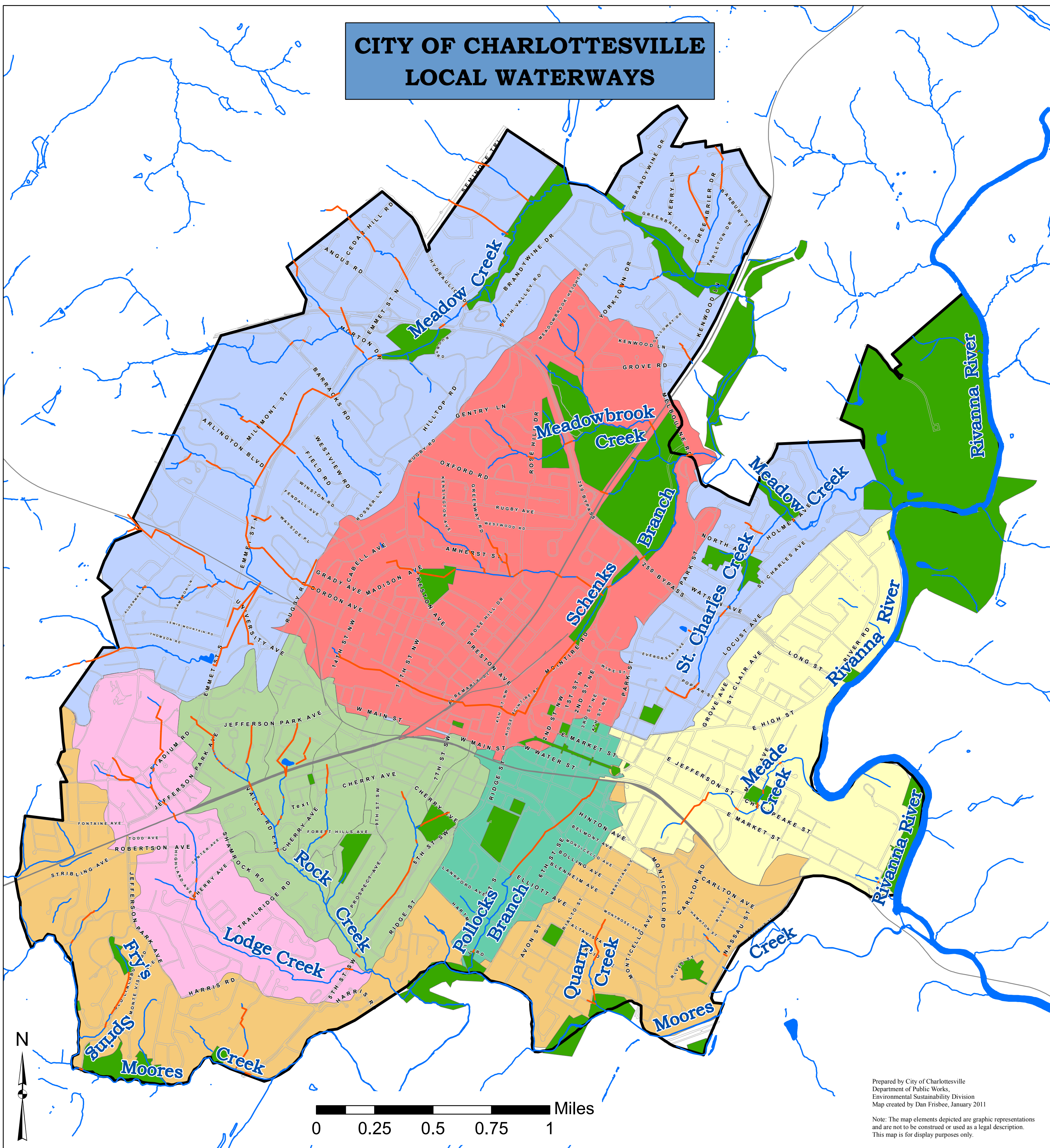
Scope of Work Narrative	
Supporting Documentation	Included
Detailed map of the project area(s) (Projects/Studies)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A
FIRMette of the project area(s) (Projects/Studies)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Historic flood damage data and/or images (Projects/Studies)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A
A link to or a copy of the current floodplain ordinance	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Non-Fund financed maintenance and management plan for project extending a minimum of 5 years from project close	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
A link to or a copy of the current hazard mitigation plan	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A
A link to or a copy of the current comprehensive plan	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Social vulnerability index score(s) for the project area from ADAPT VA's Virginia Vulnerability Viewer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A
If applicant is not a town, city, or county, letters of support from affected communities	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A
Completed Scoring Criteria Sheet in Appendix B, C, or D	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Budget Narrative	
Supporting Documentation	Included
Authorization to request funding from the Fund from governing body or chief executive of the local government	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Signed pledge agreement from each contributing organization	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A



Attachment D

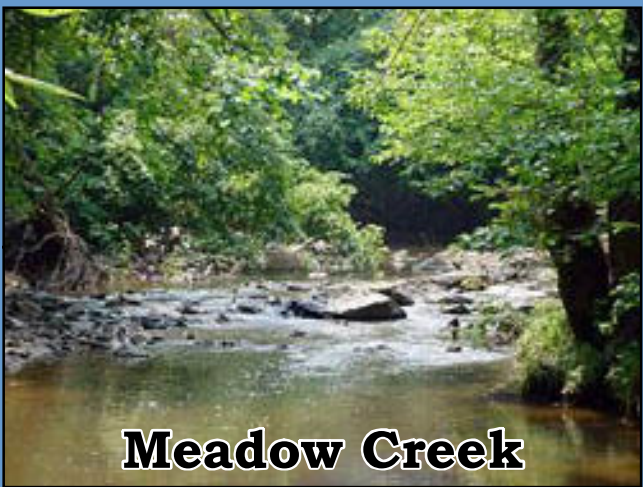
City of Charlottesville Local Waterways Map

CITY OF CHARLOTTESVILLE LOCAL WATERWAYS

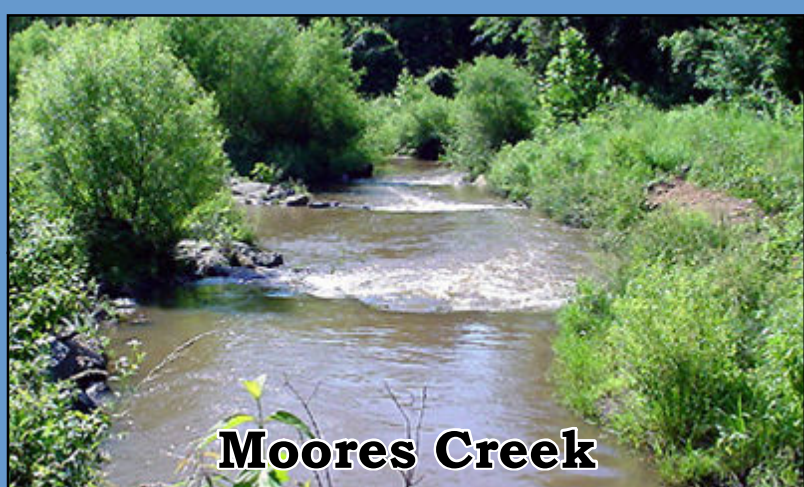


Prepared by City of Charlottesville
Department of Public Works,
Environmental Sustainability Division
Map created by Dan Frisbee, January 2011

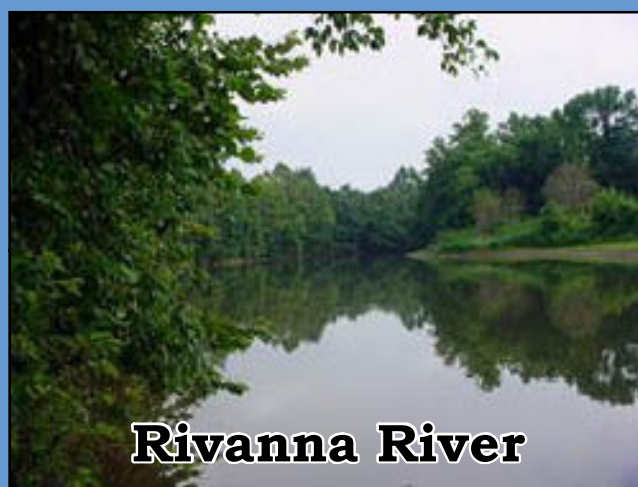
Note: The map elements depicted are graphic representations
and are not to be construed or used as a legal description.
This map is for display purposes only.



Meadow Creek



Moors Creek



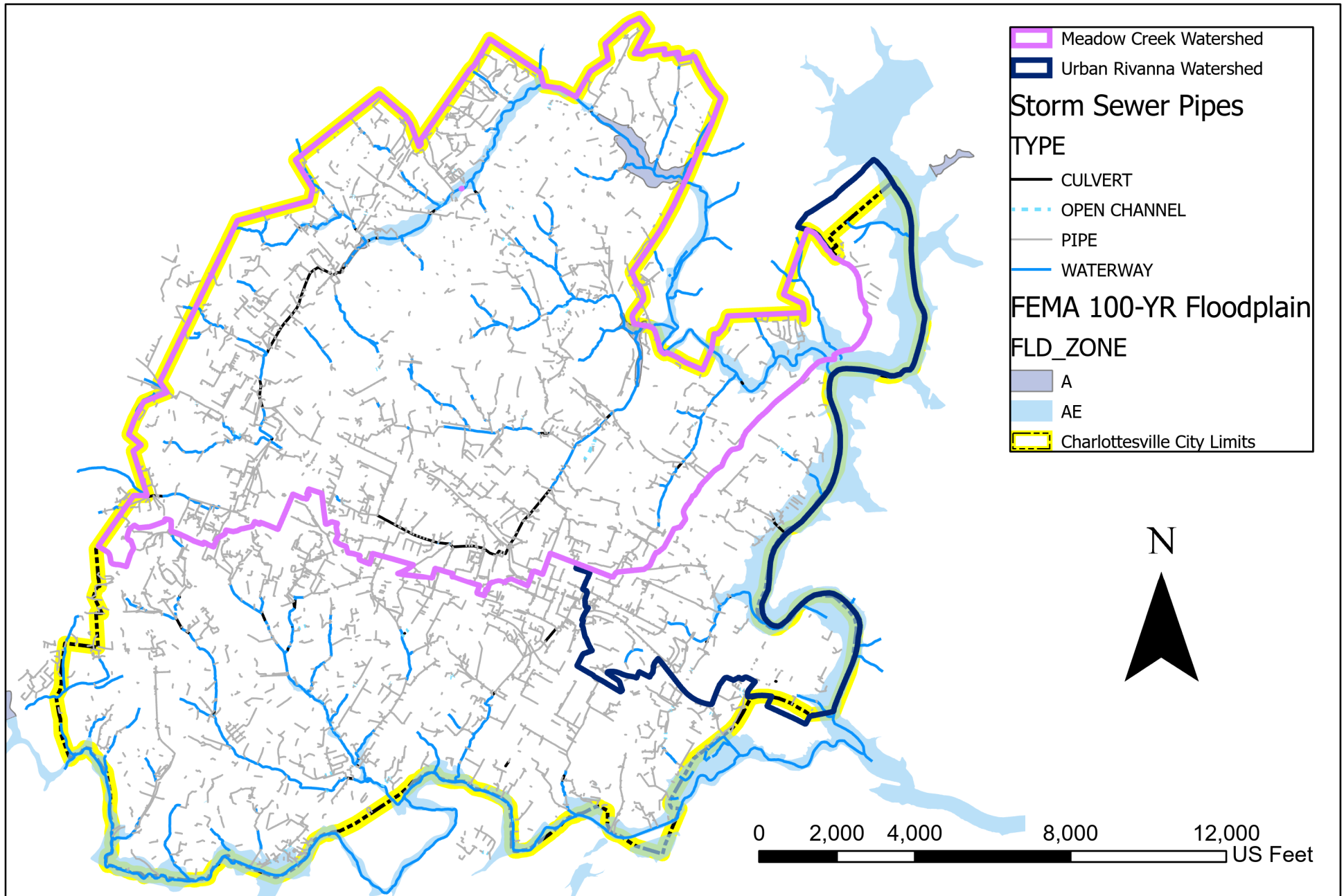
Rivanna River

Legend			
	Waterways		Drains to Moors Creek
	City Limits		Drains to Meadow Creek
	Roads		Drains to Rivanna River
	Parks		Drains to Schenks Branch
	Railroads		Drains to Lodge Creek
	Waterways in Pipes		Drains to Rock Creek
			Drains to Pollocks Branch



Attachment E

Meadow Creek and Rivanna River Watershed Location Map



Date: 4/8/2022

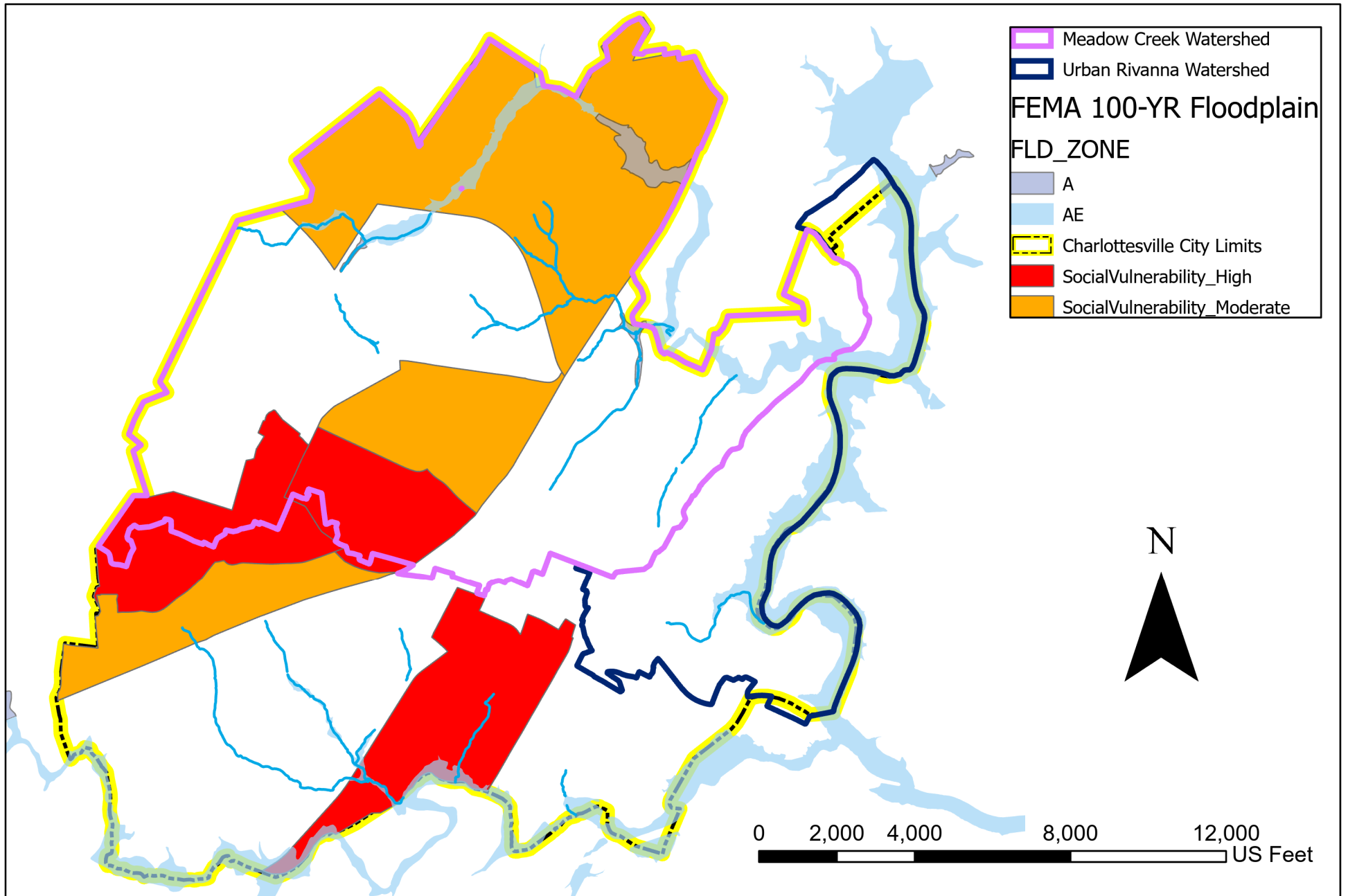
Meadow Creek and Rivanna River Watershed in Charlottesville City Limits

The geographic data layers produced by the City of Charlottesville are provided as a public resource. The City makes no warranties, expressed or implied, concerning the accuracy, completeness or suitability of this data, and it should not be construed or used as a legal description. The information displayed is a compilation of records, information, and data obtained from various sources, and the City is not responsible for its accuracy or how current it may be. Every reasonable effort is made to ensure the accuracy and completeness of the data.



Attachment F

Charlottesville Social Vulnerability Index Location Map



Date: 4/8/2022

Charlottesville Social Vulnerability Index

The geographic data layers produced by the City of Charlottesville are provided as a public resource. The City makes no warranties, expressed or implied, concerning the accuracy, completeness or suitability of this data, and it should not be construed or used as a legal description. The information displayed is a compilation of records, information, and data obtained from various sources, and the City is not responsible for its accuracy or how current it may be. Every reasonable effort is made to ensure the accuracy and completeness of the data.



Attachment G

[City of Charlottesville Floodplain Ordinance](#)

<https://www.charlottesville.gov/DocumentCenter/View/1380/City-Ordinance-34-240-PDF>

Attachment H

[Thomas Jefferson Planning District Regional Natural Hazard Mitigation Plan \(2018\)](#)

<https://tjpd.org/wp-content/uploads/pdf/Environment/Hazard-Mitigation/Hazard-Mitigation-Plan-2018.pdf>

Attachment I

[City of Charlottesville Comprehensive Plan \(2021\)](#)

<https://www.charlottesville.gov/DocumentCenter/View/7073/Comprehensive-Plan-Documents---2021-1115-Final?bidId=>



Attachment J

Authorization to Request Funding, Charlottesville City Manager

CITY OF CHARLOTTESVILLE
"A World Class City"

Office of The City Manager

Post Office Box 911
Charlottesville, Virginia 22902
Telephone 434-970-3101
Fax 434-970-3890
www.charlottesville.gov



April 8, 2022

Virginia Department of Conservation and Recreation
Attention: Virginia Community Flood Preparedness Fund
Division of Dam Safety and Floodplain Management
600 East Main Street, 24th Floor
Richmond, Virginia 23219

To Whom it May Concern,

The City of Charlottesville is excited for the opportunity to submit this application for the third round of the Community Flood Preparedness Fund grant awards. We have been strong proponents of the Commonwealth of Virginia joining the Regional Greenhouse Gas Initiative and are pleased that funds are now being made available to support our efforts to mitigate and protect against flooding in neighborhoods across our entire community.

The enclosed grant application will assist the City with the development of stormwater management models for the Meadow Creek and Rivanna River watersheds within City limits. This application is the 2nd in a series, the first being our Round 1 CFPF grant award for a model of the Moore's Creek watershed. Combined, these grants will produce models covering Charlottesville's entire jurisdictional limits so that we may identify drainage problems across the City using the same methods of evaluation. The total estimated project budget is \$550,000. Per the grant application process, I hereby confirm that the City has identified the necessary resources for the required 50% match of \$275,000, which will be composed of cash allocated to our Water Resources Protection Program. Upon Notice of Award of the grant, a resolution will be presented to City Council of Charlottesville for appropriation of the grant funds and the identified matching funds.

We look forward to the VA Department of Conservation and Recreation's support in developing the tools necessary to protect our community in a strategic, equitable, and proactive manner.

Sincerely,

Samuel Sanders, Jr.
Deputy City Manager for Operations



Attachment K

FIRM Panel

51003C0267D/51003C0278D/51003C0279D/51003C0286D/51003C0287D/51003C0288D/51003C0289D

NOTES TO USERS

This map is for use in administering the National Flood Insurance Program. It does not necessarily identify all areas subject to flooding; participants from local drainage sources of small size. The community map repository should be consulted for possible updated or additional flood hazard information.

To obtain more detailed information in areas where **Sea Flood Elevations** are shown, refer to the Flood Insurance Study (FIS) and/or the Flood Insurance Study Report (FISRS). Users should be aware that BEFEs shown on the FISRS represent coastal windstorm elevations. These BEFEs are intended for flood insurance rating purposes only and should not be used as the sole source of flood elevation information. Accordingly, flood elevation data presented in the FIS report should be utilized in conjunction with the FISRS for purposes of construction and/or floodproofing management.

Coastal Sea Flood Elevations shown on this map apply only to landward of the North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88). Users of the FISRS should be aware that coastal flood elevations are also provided in the Summary of Elevation Elevations tables in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. Elevations shown in the Summary of Elevation Elevations tables should be used for construction and/or floodproofing management when they are higher than the elevations shown on this FISRS.

Boundaries of **Floodways** were established at cross sections and interpolated between cross sections. The floodways were based on hydraulic considerations with regard to equipment of the National Flood Insurance Program. Floodway widths and other pertinent floodway data are provided in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction.

Certain areas not in Special Flood Hazard Areas may be protected by **Flood control structures**. Refer to Section 2.4 "Flood Protection Measures" of the Flood Insurance Study report for information on flood control structures in this jurisdiction.

The **projection** used in the preparation of this map was Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) Zone 17. The **horizontal datum** was NAVD 88. GRS80 spheroid. Differences in datum, spheroid, projection or UTM zone used in the production of FISRS for adjacent jurisdictions may result in slight positional differences in some features across jurisdiction boundaries. These differences do not affect the accuracy of this FISRS.

Flood elevations on this map are referenced to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988. These flood elevations must be compared to structure and ground elevations indicated in the same vertical datum. For information regarding conversion between the National Geospatial Vertical Datum of 1929 and the North American Vertical Datum of 1988, visit the National Geospatial Survey website at <http://www.ngs.noaa.gov> or contact the National Geospatial Survey at the following address:

National Geospatial Survey Division
Silver Spring, MD 20910
1215 Edison Highway
Silver Spring, Maryland 20910
(301) 753-2019

To obtain current elevation, description, and/or location information for beach nourish shown on this map, please contact the Information Services Branch of the National Geospatial Survey at (301) 713-2442, or visit their website at <http://www.ngs.noaa.gov>.

Base map information shown on this FISRS was derived in digital format by Albemarle County Department of Planning & Community Development. This information was geographically corrected as a source of 1:63,000 from aerial photography dated March 2000.

This map reflects more detailed and up-to-date stream channel configurations than those shown on the previous FISRS. For this jurisdiction, the floodway width and boundary data were collected from the previous FISRS but have been adjusted to conform to these new stream channel configurations. As a result, the Flood Profile and Floodway Data tables in the Flood Insurance Study Report (which contain authoritative hydraulic data) may reflect stream channel distances that differ from what is shown on this map.

Corporate limits shown on this map are based on the best data available at the time of publication. Because changes due to mergers or de-mergers may have occurred after this map was published, map users should consult appropriate community officials to verify current corporate limit locations.

Please refer to the separate periodic map index for an overview map of the county showing the layout of map panels, community map repository addresses, and a listing of Communities Having Outstanding Federal Flood Insurance Program Status for each community as well as a listing of the ponds on which each community is located.

Contact the **FEMA Map Service Center** at 1-800-368-5846 for information on available products associated with this FISRS. Available products may include previously issued Letters of Map Change, a Flood Insurance Study report, and/or digital versions of this map. The FEMA Map Service Center may also be reached by fax at 1-800-368-3620 and their website at <http://www.fema.gov>.

If you have **questions** about this map or questions concerning the National Flood Insurance Program, in general, please call 1-877-FEMA (362-7323) or visit the FEMA website at <http://www.fema.gov>.

LEGEND

SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS (SHF) SUBJECT TO FLOODING BY THE 1% ANNUAL CHANCE FLOOD
The 1% annual chance flood (500-year flood) also known as the Base Flood is the flood that has a 1% chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year. The Special Flood Hazard Areas include Zone A, AE, AH, AO, AV, and V. The Base Flood Elevation is shown in feet above mean lower low water.

- ZONE A** No Base Flood Elevations determined.
- ZONE AE** Base Flood Elevation determined.
- ZONE AH** Flood depths of 4 to 7 feet usually above flow of adjoining stream; Base Flood Elevation determined.
- ZONE AO** Flood depths determined. For areas of shallow flooding, velocities also determined.
- ZONE AV** Special Flood Hazard Areas (SFHA) subject to flooding by the 1% annual chance flood. The 1% annual chance flood is the flood that has a 1% chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year. The Base Flood Elevation is shown in feet above mean lower low water.
- ZONE V** Coastal Flood zone with velocity hazard (wave action); No Base Flood Elevation determined.
- ZONE VE** Coastal Flood zone with velocity hazard (wave action); No Base Flood Elevation determined.

FLOODWAY AREAS IN ZONE AE
The boundary in the channel of a stream, plus any adjacent floodway area that must be kept free of encroachments by the 1% annual chance flood can be carried without substantial increase in flood elevation.

OTHER FLOOD AREAS
ZONE X Areas of 0.2% annual chance flood; area of 1% annual chance flood with average depth of less than 1 foot; coastal drainage area less than floodway width; and area protected by levees from 1% annual chance flood.

OTHER AREAS
ZONE D Areas determined to be outside the 0.2% annual chance floodway.

COASTAL BARRIER RESOURCES SYSTEM (CBRS) AREAS
OTHERWISE PROTECTED AREAS (OPA)
CBRS areas and OPAs are specially treated areas as adjacent to Special Flood Hazard Areas.

BOUNDARY LINES
Floodway boundary
Floodway boundary
Zone D boundary
SHF and the boundary

BOUNDARY DIVIDING SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA ZONES AND FLOOD ELEVATIONS, FLOOD LIGHTS OR BEACONS
Base Flood Elevation line and water elevation in feet
Base Flood Elevation value where within within zone

CELL 8071
*referenced to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988
Coastal zone
Transect line

33°07'30" N, 78°22'30" W
33°07'30" N, 78°22'30" W
33°07'30" N, 78°22'30" W
33°07'30" N, 78°22'30" W

MAP REPOSITORY
Refer to table of Map Repositories on Map Index

EFFECTIVE DATE OF COUNTY/FIRM FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP
February 4, 2005

EFFECTIVE DATES OF PREVIOUS/FIRM FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAPS

MAP SCALE
1" = 600'

MAP REVISIONS
Refer to table of Map Repositories on Map Index

MAP SCALE
1" = 600'

MAP REVISIONS
Refer to table of Map Repositories on Map Index

MAP SCALE
1" = 600'

MAP REVISIONS
Refer to table of Map Repositories on Map Index

MAP SCALE
1" = 600'

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Refer to table of Map Repositories on Map Index

MAP SCALE
1" = 600'

MAP REVISIONS
Refer to table of Map Repositories on Map Index

MAP SCALE
1" = 600'

MAP REVISIONS
Refer to table of Map Repositories on Map Index

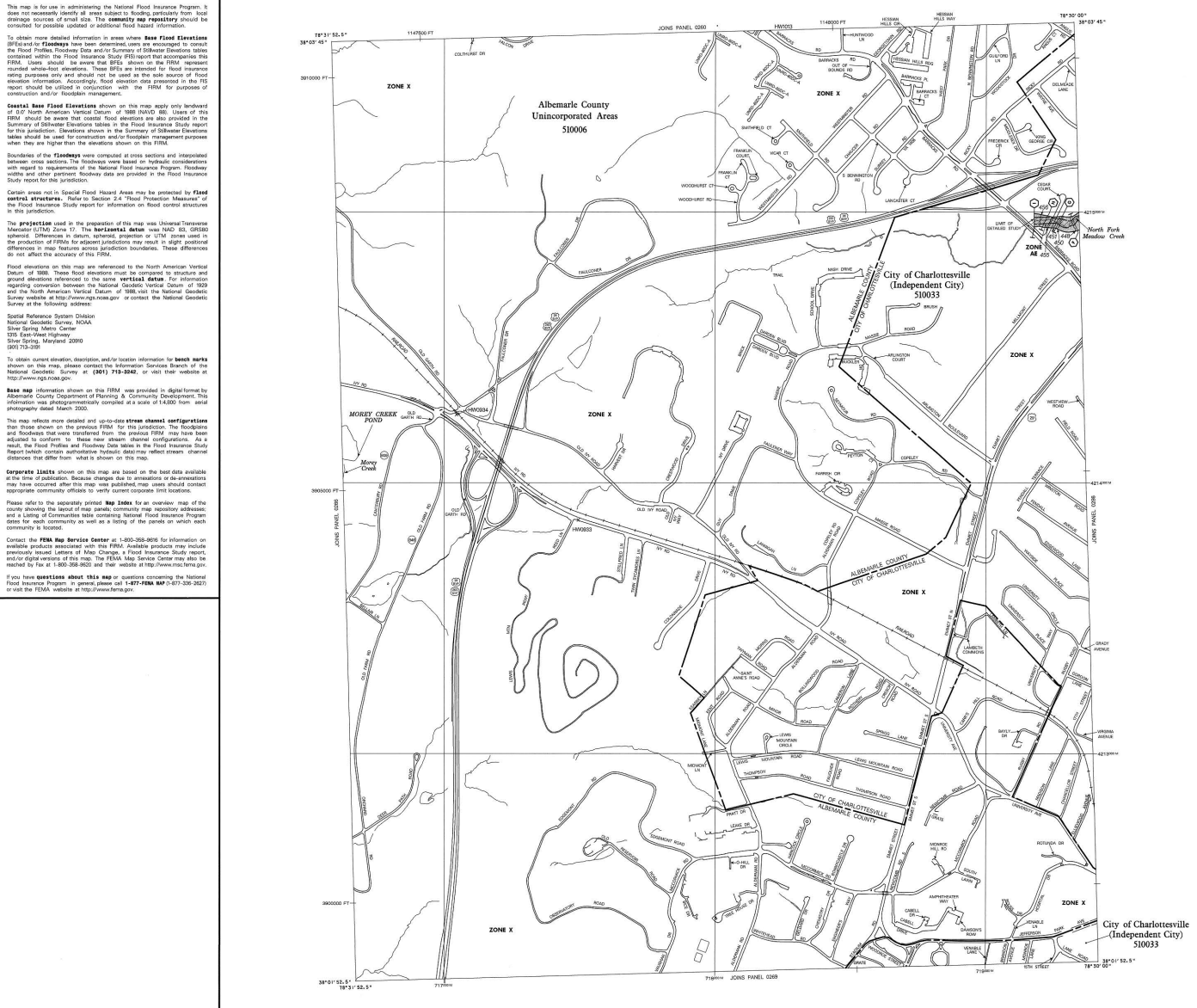
MAP SCALE
1" = 600'

MAP REVISIONS
Refer to table of Map Repositories on Map Index

MAP SCALE
1" = 600'

MAP REVISIONS
Refer to table of Map Repositories on Map Index

MAP SCALE
1" = 600'



NFP **PANEL 0267D**

FIRM FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP
ALBEMARLE COUNTY, VIRGINIA
AND INCORPORATED AREAS
AND THE INDEPENDENT CITY
OF CHARLOTTESVILLE

PANEL 267 OF 575
(SEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM LAYOUT)

COMMUNITY **WATER** **SEWER**
ALBEMARLE COUNTY \$800 \$367 D
INDEPENDENT CITY \$800 \$367 D

Notes to User: The Map Number, Panel Size, and Date of Issue shown above are for information only. The actual date of issue should be used on all insurance applications for the actual date of issue.

MAP NUMBER **SUBSEQUENT**
EFFECTIVE DATE **2/4/2005**

Federal Emergency Management Agency

NOTES TO USERS

This map is for use in administering the National Flood Insurance Program. It does not constitute flood insurance coverage. The community map repository should be consulted for more information on flood insurance coverage. This map is not intended to be used as a substitute for flood insurance coverage.

To obtain more detailed information in areas where Base Flood Elevations (BFEs) and/or Floodways have been determined users are encouraged to consult the Flood Profile and/or Floodway Data and/or Summary of Elevation Data Tables contained within the Flood Insurance Study (FIS) report that accompanies this FIRM. Users should refer to the areas where BFEs are shown on the FIRM, interpret reported water-of-river elevations. These BFEs are intended for flood insurance purposes only and should not be used as the sole source of flood insurance information. Flood insurance coverage is determined by the FIS report and should be utilized in conjunction with the FIRM for purposes of construction and/or floodway management.

Coastal Base Flood Elevations shown on this map apply only to landward of 0.7 North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88). Users of this FIRM should be aware that coastal flood elevations are also provided in the Summary of Elevation Data Tables. Users should refer to the Summary of Elevation Data Tables for the flood insurance study. Flood elevations shown in the Summary of Elevation Data Tables are intended for flood insurance purposes when they are higher than the elevations shown on this FIRM.

Boundaries of the Floodways were computed at cross sections and interpolated between cross sections. The floodways were based on hydraulic considerations with regard to requirements of the National Flood Insurance Program. Floodway widths and other pertinent floodway data are provided in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction.

Certain areas in the Special Flood Hazard Areas may be protected by Flood control structures. Refer to Section 2.4 "Flood Protection Measures" of the Flood Insurance Study report for information on flood control structures in this jurisdiction.

The **projection used** in the preparation of this map was Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) Zone 18. The **horizontal datum** was NAD 83 (GDS83) and the **vertical datum** was NAVD 88. The **vertical datum** used in the production of FIRM is the National Flood Insurance Study datum of 1988 and the North American Vertical Datum of 1988. The National Geographic Survey website at <http://www.ngs.noaa.gov> or contact the National Geographic Survey at the following address:

Special Reference System Division
National Geographic Survey, NOAA
Silver Spring, Maryland
1735 East-West Highway
Silver Spring, Maryland 20910
(301) 775-7731

To obtain current elevation, description, and/or location information to be used on this map, please contact the Information Services Branch of the National Geographic Survey at (301) 775-8242, or visit their website at <http://www.ngs.noaa.gov>.

Base map information shown on this FIRM was provided in digital format by Albemarle County Department of Planning & Community Development. This information was originally derived from a base map of 1:80,000 scale aerial photography dated March 2000.

This map reflects more detailed and up-to-date street configurations than those shown on the previous FIRM for this jurisdiction. The floodway and floodway data that were transferred from the previous FIRM may have been adjusted to conform to these more current street configurations. As a result, the Flood Profile and Floodway Data tables in the Flood Insurance Study should contain authoritative hydrologic data that may reflect known channel changes that differ from what is shown on this map.

Supervisors lists shown on this map are based on the best data available at the time of publication. Because changes due to annexation or disannexation may have occurred after this map was published, maps users should contact appropriate community officials to verify current corporate limit locations.

Please refer to the separately printed **Map Index** for an overview map of the county showing the names of major cities, community map repository addresses, and a listing of Communities State concerning National Flood Insurance Program areas for each community as well as a listing of the blocks on which each community is located.

Contact the **FIRM Map Service Center** at 1-800-368-0861 for information on available products associated with the FIRM. Available products may include previously issued editions of Map Change, a Flood Insurance Study report, and/or digital versions of this map. The FIRM Map Service Center may also be reached by fax at 1-800-368-0862 and their website at <http://www.firm.gov>.

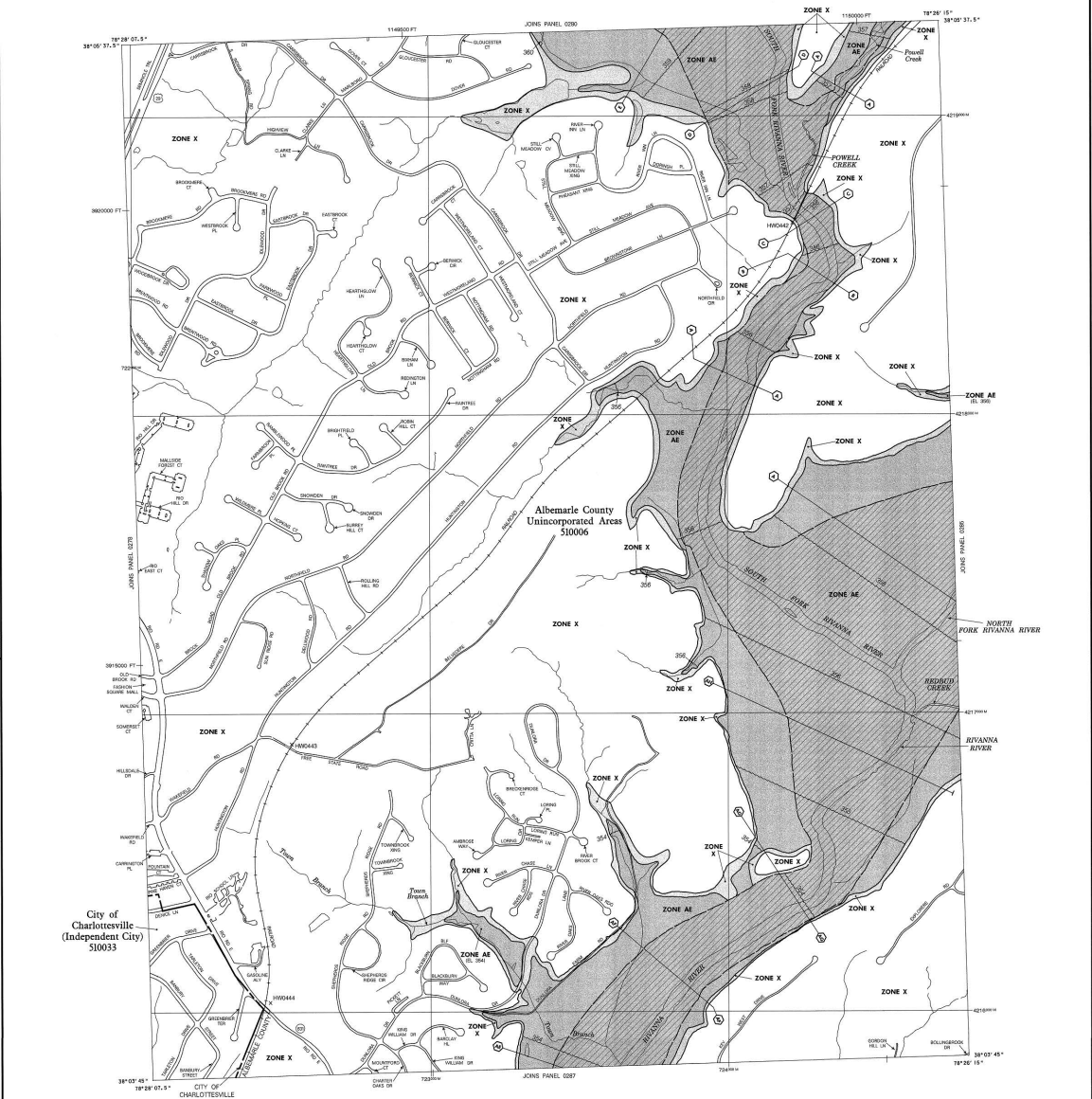
If you have **questions about this map** or questions concerning the National Flood Insurance Program, please contact call 1-877-FIRM (367-3726) or visit the FEMA website at <http://www.fema.gov>.

City of Charlottesville (Independent City)
510435

City of Charlottesville (Independent City)
510435

City of Charlottesville (Independent City)
510435

City of Charlottesville (Independent City)
510435



LEGEND

- SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS (SPECIAL SUBJECT TO PENALTIES BY THE 1% ANNUAL CHANCE FLOOD)**
 - ZONE X:** 1% annual chance flood (100 year flood), also known as the Base Flood. In the Base Flood, a 1% chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year. Special Flood Hazard Areas include ZONE X, AE, AH, AF, AP, V, and VE. The Base Flood Elevations in the water-of-river channel.
 - ZONE AE:** No Base Flood Elevations determined.
 - ZONE AH:** Base Flood Elevations determined.
 - ZONE AO:** Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet locally areas of ponding. Base Flood Elevations determined.
 - ZONE A:** Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet locally above flow on existing terrain. Base Flood Elevations determined. For areas of shallow flow, floodway widths also determined.
 - ZONE AF:** Coastal flood zone with velocity hazard from the 1% annual chance flood. For a flood control system that was subsequently determined Zone AF, floodway widths and other pertinent floodway data are being retained to provide protection from the 1% annual chance or greater flood.
 - ZONE AFV:** Area to be protected from 1% annual chance flood by a Flood Protection Measure.
 - ZONE V:** Coastal flood zone with velocity hazard (wave action); No Base Flood Elevations determined.
 - ZONE VE:** Coastal flood zone with velocity hazard (wave action); Base Flood Elevations determined.
- FLOODWAY AREAS IN ZONE AE:**
 - ZONE AE:** The floodway in the channel of a stream; also any adjacent floodway area that may be used in accordance with the 1% annual chance flood can be carried without substantial increase in flood height.
- OTHER FLOOD AREAS:**
 - ZONE X:** Area of 0.2% annual chance flood; area of 0.1% annual chance flood with average depth of one foot; or for soft-tissue areas less than 0.250 feet deep.
 - ZONE AH:** Area in which flood hazards are reduced, but possible.
- OTHER AREAS:**
 - ZONE B:** Areas determined to be outside the 0.2% annual chance floodway.
 - ZONE D:** Areas in which flood hazards are not possible.
- COASTAL BARRIER RESOURCES SYSTEM (CBRS) AREA:**
 - CBRS:** Areas and other specially treated areas adjacent to Special Flood Hazard Areas.
- OTHERWISE PROTECTED AREAS (OPA):**
 - OPA:** Areas and other specially treated areas adjacent to Special Flood Hazard Areas.
- BOUNDARY LINES:**
 - Flowline boundary:** Indicated by a solid line.
 - Floodway boundary:** Indicated by a dashed line.
 - Zone boundary:** Indicated by a dotted line.
 - CBRS and OPA boundary:** Indicated by a dash-dot line.
- BOUNDARY DIVIDING SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS AND BOUNDARY DIVIDING SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS OF DIFFERENT BASE FLOOD ELEVATIONS, BOLD DASHES OR BOLD SOLIDS:**
 - Base Flood Elevations and water-of-river elevations in feet:** Indicated by a solid line with a number.
 - Base Flood Elevations (water-of-river elevations within zones):** Indicated by a dashed line with a number.
 - NAVD 88:** Indicated by a solid line with a number.
 - NAVD 88:** Indicated by a dashed line with a number.
 - One section line:** Indicated by a solid line with a number.
 - Turnover line:** Indicated by a solid line with a number.
- COMMUNITY INFORMATION:**
 - Community information:** Referenced to the North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83). Horizontal coordinates: 1000-foot grid (e.g., Virginia State Plane coordinate system with zone 18). Vertical coordinates: National Geodetic Survey datum of 1988. Elevation: 100-foot bench mark elevation in 10-foot increments in this section of the map.
 - DAISY:** Indicated by a solid line with a number.
 - RA15:** Indicated by a solid line with a number.
- MAP REPOSITORY:**
 - Refer to listing of Map Repository on Map Index.
- SPECIFIC DATE OF COUNTYWIDE FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP:**
 - DATE: 4, 2005
- EFFECTIVE DATES OF REVISIONS TO THIS PANEL:**



NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM

PANEL 0279D

FIRM FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP

ALBEMARLE COUNTY, VIRGINIA AND INCORPORATED AREAS AND THE INDEPENDENT CITY OF CHARLOTTESVILLE

PANEL 279 OF 375

ISEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUTS

COUNTY	MAPER	PANEL	SUFFIX
ALBEMARLE COUNTY	10000	0279 D	
CHARLOTTESVILLE CITY OF	00000	0279 D	
(INDEPENDENT CITY)			

MAP NUMBER 51003CZ790

EFFECTIVE DATE FEBRUARY 4, 2005

Federal Emergency Management Agency

NOTES TO USERS

This map is for use in administering the National Flood Insurance Program. It is not for general use in areas subject to flooding. Flood insurance coverage is provided for buildings and contents of buildings and for mobile homes and their contents. This map is not intended to be used for flood damage insurance of small items. The community may request additional flood coverage sources of small items.

To obtain more detailed information in areas where **Base Flood Elevations (BFEs)** or **depths** have been determined, users are encouraged to consult the Flood Profiles, Floodways and/or Survey of Elevation Elevations (SLEs) contained within the Flood Insurance Study (FIS) report that accompanies this FIS. Users should be aware that BFEs shown on this FIS represent maximum elevations of flood waters. Flood profiles are provided for use in determining water depths and are not intended to be used as the sole source of flood elevation information. Floodway information is presented in the FIS report and should be used in conjunction with the FIS report for purposes of construction and floodway management.

Coastal Base Flood Elevations shown on this map apply only to buildings of 1' North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88). Users of this FIS should be aware that coastal flood elevations are also provided in the Summary of Elevation Data for this FIS. Users are encouraged to consult the FIS report for this information. Elevations shown in the Summary of Elevation Data should be used for all non-coastal purposes when they are higher than the elevations shown on this FIS.

Boundaries of the **Floodways** were computed at cross sections and interposed between cross sections. The floodway areas were based on hydraulic considerations with regard to requirements of the National Flood Insurance Program. Floodway widths and other pertinent floodway data are provided in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction.

Cross-sections such as **Special Flood Hazard Areas** may be protected by **flood control structures**. Refer to Section 2.4 "Flood Protection Measures" of the Flood Insurance Study report for information on flood control structures in this jurisdiction.

The **protection** used in the preparation of this map uses Unadjusted Frequencies Method (UFM) Zone 1. The **horizontal datum** was NAVD 88. GPSRS data were used to determine the horizontal datum. The horizontal datum is the production of FIRM for adjacent jurisdictions may result in slight positional differences in map features across jurisdiction boundaries. These differences do not affect the accuracy of this FIS.

Flood elevations on this map are referenced to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988. These flood elevations must be compared to production and flood elevations referenced to the same vertical datum for information regarding correlation between City National Geographic Vector 4.0 Data and the North American Vertical Datum of 1988. For the National Geographic Survey website at <http://www.ngs.noaa.gov> or contact the National Geographic Survey at the following address:

Spatial Reference System Division
National Geographic Survey, NOAA
2000 Spring Valley Center
Columbia, Maryland 21042
202-335-2929

To obtain current elevation, descriptive, and/or location information for **bench marks** shown on this map, please contact the Information Services Branch of the National Geographic Survey at (301) 713-2842 or visit their website at <http://www.ngs.noaa.gov>.

Additional information shown on this FIS was provided in digital form to the Albemarle County Department of Planning & Community Development. This information was prepared and compiled at a scale of 1:4,800 from aerial photography dated March 2003.

This map reflects more detailed and up-to-date stream channel configurations than those shown on the previous FIS for this jurisdiction. The floodway areas and floodways that were transferred from the previous FIS may have been adjusted by comparison to these new stream channel configurations. As a result, the flood profiles and floodway data shown in the Flood Insurance Study Report labels contain authoritative hydraulic data may reflect stream channel distances that differ from what is shown on this map.

Corporate limits shown on this map are based on the best data available at the time of publication. Because changes due to annexations or de-annexations may have occurred after this map was published, map users should contact appropriate community officials to verify current corporate limit locations.

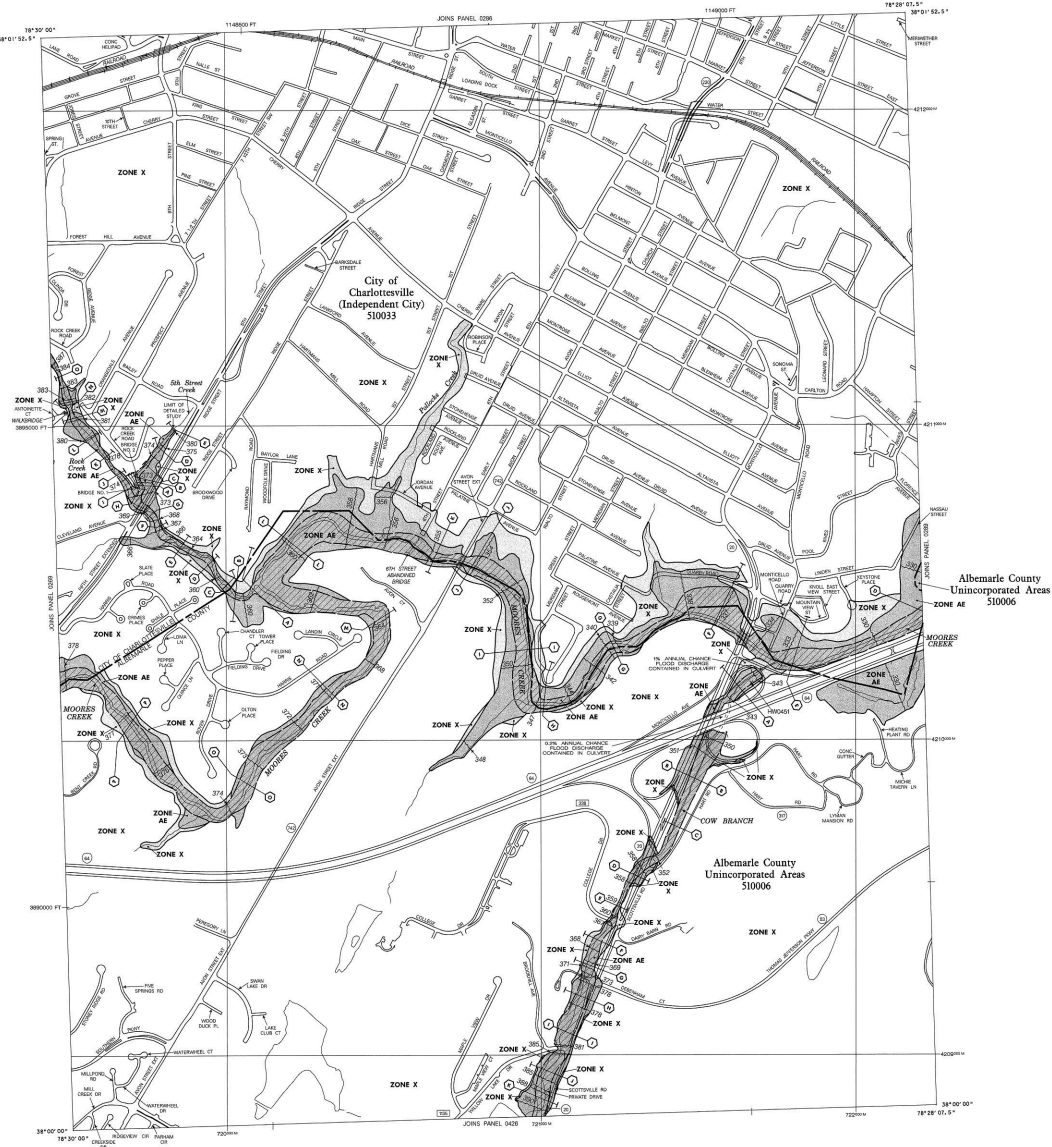
Please refer to the separately printed **Map Index** for an overview map of the county showing the location of map sheets, community map, incorporation boundaries, and a listing of communities being included in the Flood Insurance Study Report labels for each community as well as a listing of the panels on which each community is located.

Contact the **FIRM Map Service Center** at 1-800-368-8659 for information on available products produced with this FIS. Available products may include previously issued letters of Map Change, a Flood Insurance Study report, and a listing of communities being included in the Flood Insurance Study Report labels for each community as well as the website at <http://www.firm.gov>.

If you have **questions about this map** or questions concerning the National Flood Insurance Program, in general, please call 1-877-FIRM-5AP (1-877-336-9377) or visit the FEMA website at <http://www.fema.gov>.

LEGEND

- SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS (SFHA) SUBJECT TO FLOODING BY THE 1% ANNUAL CHANCE FLOOD**
- The 1% annual chance flood (100-year flood) also known as the **base flood** is the flood that has a 1% chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year. The Special Flood Hazard Areas include Zone A, AE, AH, AO, AV, X, and VE. The Base Flood Elevation is the water surface elevation.
- ZONE A** No Base Flood Elevation determined.
 - ZONE AE** Base Flood Elevation determined.
 - ZONE AH** Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet usually above flow on slight terrain. Base Flood Elevation determined. For areas of shallow flooding, floodway areas also determined.
 - ZONE AO** Flood depths of 1 to 3 feet usually above flow on slight terrain. Base Flood Elevation determined. For areas of shallow flooding, floodway areas also determined.
 - ZONE AV** Area to be protected from 1% annual chance flood by a Federal Flood Protection System under construction on Base Flood Elevation.
 - ZONE VE** Coastal Flood zone with velocity hazard (wave action) No Base Flood Elevation determined.
 - ZONE V** Coastal Flood zone with velocity hazard (wave action) No Base Flood Elevation determined.
 - 1% ANNUAL CHANCE FLOOD** The floodway is the channel of a stream plus any adjacent floodway areas that must be protected from the 1% annual chance flood. It can be carried without substantial increases in flood stages.
- OTHER FLOOD AREAS**
- ZONE X** Areas of 0.2% annual chance flood. Areas of 0.1% annual chance flood.
 - ZONE D** Areas in which flood hazards are determined, but possible.
 - COASTAL BARRIER RESOURCES SYSTEM (CBRS) AREAS**
 - OTHERWISE PROTECTED AREAS (OPA)**
- OTHER AREAS**
- Zone 1 boundary** Areas determined to be outside the 0.2% annual chance floodway.
 - Zone 2 boundary** Areas in which flood hazards are determined, but possible.
 - Coastal Barrier Resources System (CBRS) boundary**
 - Otherwise Protected Areas (OPA) boundary**
- BOUNDARY DIVIDING SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS (SFHA) ZONES AND OTHER FLOOD AREAS**
- Zone 1 boundary** Areas determined to be outside the 0.2% annual chance floodway.
 - Zone 2 boundary** Areas in which flood hazards are determined, but possible.
 - Coastal Barrier Resources System (CBRS) boundary**
 - Otherwise Protected Areas (OPA) boundary**
- BOUNDARY DIVIDING SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS (SFHA) ZONES AND OTHER FLOOD AREAS**
- Zone 1 boundary** Areas determined to be outside the 0.2% annual chance floodway.
 - Zone 2 boundary** Areas in which flood hazards are determined, but possible.
 - Coastal Barrier Resources System (CBRS) boundary**
 - Otherwise Protected Areas (OPA) boundary**
- BOUNDARY DIVIDING SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS (SFHA) ZONES AND OTHER FLOOD AREAS**
- Zone 1 boundary** Areas determined to be outside the 0.2% annual chance floodway.
 - Zone 2 boundary** Areas in which flood hazards are determined, but possible.
 - Coastal Barrier Resources System (CBRS) boundary**
 - Otherwise Protected Areas (OPA) boundary**



Map prepared by:
FIRM MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL 0288D
EFFECTIVE DATE OF COUNTY/FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP:
February 4, 2005
EFFECTIVE DATE OF REVISIONS TO THIS PANEL:

The community map system history prior to community mapping, refer to the Community Map History table located in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction.

The delineation of flood hazard areas on this map is based on the best available information and is not a guarantee of flood insurance coverage. Your insurance agent or call the National Flood Insurance Program at 1-800-438-6423.

NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM

PANEL 0288D

FIRM FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP

ALBEMARLE COUNTY, VIRGINIA AND INCORPORATED AREAS AND THE INDEPENDENT CITY OF CHARLOTTESVILLE

MAP 288 OF 575

SEE MAP INDEX FOR FIRM PANEL 1007D

COUNTY	NUMBER	PANEL	SUBJECT
ALBEMARLE COUNTY	0288D	0288D	FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP
CHARLOTTESVILLE CITY	0288D	0288D	FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP

MAP SCALE 1" = 500'

0 100 200 FEET
0 100 200 METERS

NFIP

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

MAP NUMBER 510030C288D

EFFECTIVE DATE FEBRUARY 4, 2005

Federal Emergency Management Agency



CFPF, rr <cfpf@dcr.virginia.gov>

CFPF Grant Application, City of Charlottesville 4.8.22

1 message

Henry, Andrea E <henrya@charlottesville.gov>
To: "CFPF, rr" <cfpf@dcr.virginia.gov>
Cc: "Edwards, Tony" <Edwardst@charlottesville.gov>

Fri, Apr 8, 2022 at 1:13 PM

To Whom It May Concern,

The City of Charlottesville is thrilled to submit our third grant application for the Community Flood Preparedness Fund. This grant is the second in a series of two, aimed at developing a strategic approach to both identifying and prioritizing flood mitigation and protection projects. The City strives to plan projects in an equitable and comprehensive manner, relying on watershed-scale solutions when possible. Development of watershed-scale models is the cornerstone to these future efforts and we are committed to developing stormwater management and resilience plans that reflect the best science and methodology available.

Please let me know if you have any questions or concerns about the attached application.

Have a wonderful day!

Andrea Henry, PE

Water Resources Protection Administrator

Public Works Department

City of Charlottesville

(434) 970 - 3529

henrya@charlottesville.gov

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